(b) if so, the details, separately, of orders received from indigenous and foreign companies;

(c) whether Government propose to take some steps to increase such record number of orders for AC/DC in future;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) Yes, Sir. BHEL has secured orders worth Rs. 130 crores in 1995-96, for the supply of AC /DC machines as against Rs. 101 crores worth of orders in 1994-95;

(d) The details of orders—indigenous & foreign received during 1995-96 are as under:—

Foreign	Indigenous
(i) From companies located in USA & Italy for Indian market Rs. 1.23 crores	Rs. 127.42 crores
(ii) For projects located in Vietnam & Nepal through Indian suppliers Rs. 1.35 crores	

(c) to (e) BHEL is constantly making efforts to secure orders for AC/DC machines both for domestic and export markets.

Export of Wheat

*351. PROF. NAUNIHAL SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government exported wheat to some countries;

(b) what are the importing countries and what quantity each country imported; and

(c) whether it is a fact that all the shipments of wheat were rejected, if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULLI RAMAIA): (a) and (b) The total quantity and value of wheat exported during the year 1995-96 and 1996-97 (April—May, 1996 is as under:—

Year	Quantity (MTs)	Value (Rs. crores)
1995-96	617211	360.90
1996-97 (April-may	491451	300.57

(Source : DGCI&S, Calcutta)

The details of exports of wheat during the month of June, 1996 are not yet available.

The country-wise details of quantity and value of wheat exported are available in the monthly bulletin/annual numbers published by Directorate General of Commercial Intelligence & Statistics, Calcutta, copies of which are available in the Parliament Library.

(c) A small number of consignments of wheat from India were detained by the Turkish, Moroccan and Polish authorities as they were found to be infected by Tilletia Indica (Karnal Bunt) fungus. All consignments except one have been re-exported from Turkey /morocco. One consignment of wheat each in Morocco and Poland are still quarantined.

Foodgrains for Rural Poor

*352 SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Minister of CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have seen the report of the recent first ever survey conducted by the National Council of Applied Ecomomic Research on the users of the public distribution system in the country;

(b) if so, the reaction of Government on various observations made therein and

as reported in the 'Times of India' dated 16th April, 1996; and

(c) the corrective steps Government intend to take to see that households in rural parts of States of North India like Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Orissa etc. get an effective public distribution system like in Sourthern States?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD AND MINISTER OF CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI DEVENDRA PRASAD YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir the Study by National Council of Applied Economic Research is still in progress and has not been published yet.

(b) and (c) The Government is considering restructuring the Public Distribution System with focus on the poor. The proposal has been welcomed by the Chief Ministers in the Conference held on 4-5, July, 1996. It was further discussed at the State Food Ministers Conference held on 7.8.1996. Further details are being worked out keeping in view the suggestions of the State Governments.

For the successful implementation of Public Distribution System, both the Central Government and State Governments are responsible. The Central Government is responsible for procuring the commodities and making them available to the States. The. States in turn are responsible for subsequent distribution of these commodities from the Central Agencies to the ultimate consumers through the network of Fair Price Shops, on the basis of family cards issued by them. While, therefore, the Centre makes allocation among the States, subsequent allocation within the State, scale of issue, prices at Fair Price Shops, coverage of rural and urban areas and the supervision of Fair Price shops, etc. are left with the State Governments. The State Governments have been requested to closely monitor the Public Distribution System at the Fair Price shop level. The Government is also taking steps to ensure that households in rural parts of the country including Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and Orissa get an effective Public Distribution System. Under the Plan Schemes, financial assistance is given to the States/UTs for purchase of vans and construction of godowns so as to ensure door step delivery of foodgrains in the areas inhabited by the poorer sections of the population.

Minimum wages for unskilled agricultural labour in Maharashtra

*353. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the unskilled agricultural workers are being paid half the minimum wages in the State of Maharashtra in comparison to Punjab and Haryana;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to advise the State Government of Maharashtra to enhance the minimum wages of agricultural workers in the State at par with Punjab and Haryana; and

(c) if not, what action Government propose to take to improve the lot of agricultural workers in Maharashtra?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (c) The rates of minimum wages for unskilled agricultural workers fixed by the State Government of Maharashtra are substantially lower than the rates fixed by the State Governments of Haryana and Punjab. The respective State Governments "being the appropriate Government under the Minimum Wages Act for establishments falling within their jurisdiction, the minimum wage rates under the Act are determined and fixed by the concerned State Governments. The need for evolving a suitable mechanism to protect the wages against inflation has been highlighted and impressed upon the State Governments from time to time»in various fora and in different forms.